ZETTLER DISPLAYS

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY

CUSTOMER APPROVAL			
※ **PART NO. :** ATM0700L6J-T (ZETTLER DISPLAYS) VER1.2			
APPROVAL		**COMPANY CHOP**	
CUSTOMER COMMENTS			

ZETTLER DISPLAYS ENGINEERING APPROVAL		
DESIGNED BY	**CHECKED BY**	**APPROVED BY**
ZhengZK		

REVISION RECORD

REVISION	REVISION DATE	PAGE	CONTENTS
VER1.0	**2015-06-15**		**FIRST ISSUE**
VER1.1	**2017-06-27**	**7**	**CORRECT DC CHARACTERISTICS**
VER1.2	**2024-12-31**	**15**	**UPDATE PRECAUTION**

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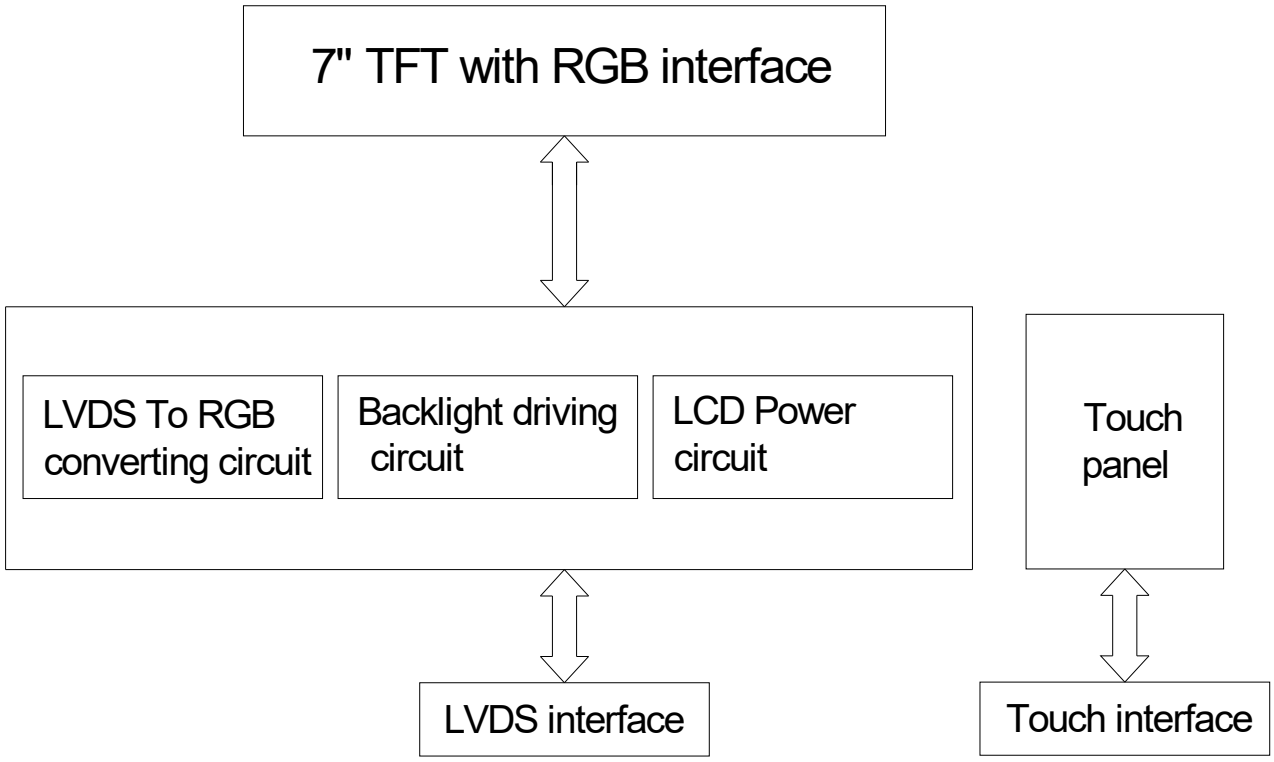
10.0 INSPECTION SPECIFICATION

1.0 GENERAL SPECIFICATION

Item	Specification	Remark
1. LCD size	7.0 inch(Diagonal)	
2. Driver element	a-Si TFT active matrix	
3. Resolution	800x(RGB) x 480	
4. Display mode	Normally white, Transmissive	
5. Dot pitch (W*H)	0.0642mm(W) x 0.1790mm(H)	
6. Pixel pitch(W*H)	0.1926mm(W) x 0.1790mm(H)	
7. Active area(W*H)	154.08mm(W) x 85.92mm(H)	
8. Module size (W*H)	164.9mm(W) x 100.0mm(H) x 12.5mm(D)	Note 1
9. Surface treatment	Anti-glare	
10. Bezel material	Stainless steel	
11. Color arrangement	RGB-stripe	
12. Color	262K	
13. Interface	18bit LVDS interface	
14. Weight	211g(Typ.)	
15. RoHS	ROHS compliant	

Note 1: Please refer to mechanical drawing.

2.0 BLOCK DIAGRAM



3.0 PIN ASSIGNMENT

Connector on LCM : HIROSE DF19G-20P-1H or compatible,mating with HIROSE DF19-20S-1C or compatible

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	TX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input(R0-R5,G0)*3
2	TX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input(R0-R5,G0)*3
3	VSS*1	Ground
4	TX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input(G1-G5,B0-B1)*3
5	TX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input(G1-G5,B0-B1)*3
6	VSS*1	Ground
7	TX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input(B2-R5,HS,VS,DE)*3
8	TX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input(B2-R5,HS,VS,DE)*3
9	VSS*1	Ground
10	CLK-	Clock Signal(-)
11	CLK+	Clock signal(+)
12	VSS*1	Ground
13	NC*2	Non Connection(open)
14	NC*2	Non Connection(open)
15	VDD	+3.3V power supply for logic and LCM power
16	VDD	+3.3V power supply for logic and LCM power
17	BL+	+5.0V Backlight driving circuit power supply
18	BL-	Backlight driving circuit ground
19	PWM	Backlight ON/OFF/Dimming control(PWM:100~1000HZ, 0~100%)
20	VSS*1	Ground

Note 1) Please connect VSS pin to ground. Don’t use it as no-connect nor connection with high impedance.

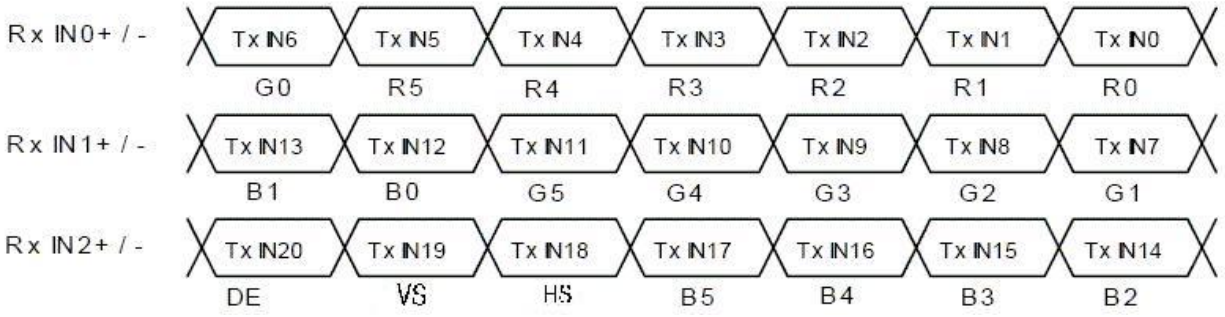
Note 2) Please connect NC pin to nothing. Don’t connect it to ground nor to other signal input.

Note 3) Refer to next page.

RECOMMENDED TRANSMITTER(DS90C365) TO LCM INTERFACE ASSIGNMENT

DS90C365					LT084AC27500 Interface (CN1)	
Input Terminal No.		Input Signal (Graphics controller output signal)		Output Signal Symbol		
Symbol	Terminal	Symbol	Function		Terminal	Symbol
TxIN0	44	R0	Red Pixels Display Data (LSB)	TxOUT0- TxOUT0+	No.5 No.6	RxIN0- RxIN0+
TxIN1	45	R1	Red Pixels Display Data			
TxIN2	47	R2	Red Pixels Display Data			
TxIN3	48	R3	Red Pixels Display Data			
TxIN4	1	R4	Red Pixels Display Data			
TxIN5	3	R5	Red Pixels Display Data (MSB)			
TxIN6	4	G0	Green Pixels Display Data (LSB)			
TxIN7	6	G1	Green Pixels Display Data	TxOUT1- TxOUT1+	No.8 No.9	RxIN1- RxIN1+
TxIN8	7	G2	Green Pixels Display Data			
TxIN9	9	G3	Green Pixels Display Data			
TxIN10	10	G4	Green Pixels Display Data			
TxIN11	12	G5	Green Pixels Display Data (MSB)			
TxIN12	13	B0	Blue Pixels Display Data (LSB)			
TxIN13	15	B1	Blue Pixels Display Data			
TxIN14	16	B2	Blue Pixels Display Data	TxOUT2- TxOUT2+	No.11 No.12	RxIN2- RxIN2+
TxIN15	18	B3	Blue Pixels Display Data			
TxIN16	19	B4	Blue Pixels Display Data			
TxIN17	20	B5	Blue Pixels Display Data (MSB)			
TxIN18	22	HS	Horizontal sync			
TxIN19	23	VS	Vertical sync			
TxIN20	25	DE	Compound Synchronization Signal			
TxCLK IN	26	NCLK	Data Sampling Clock	TxCLK OUT- TxCLK OUT+	No.14 No.15	CLK- CLK+

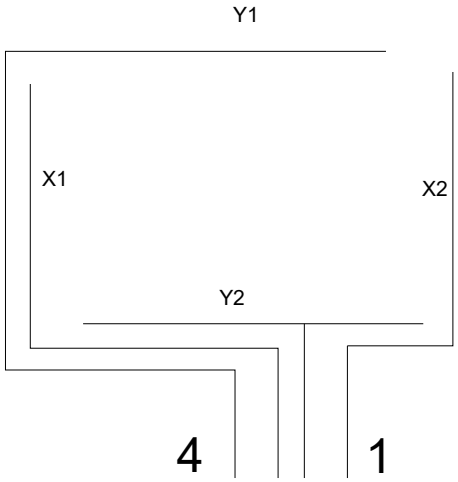
Note 1) Please connect NC pin to nothing. Don't connect it to ground nor to other signal input.



Tout Panel Section

FPC Connector is used for the module electronics interface. The recommended model is FH12-4S-1SH manufactured by Hirose.

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
4	Y1	Top	Top electrode – differential analog	
3	X1	Left	Left electrode – differential analog	
2	Y2	Bottom	Bottom electrode – differential analog	
1	X2	Right	Right electrode – differential analog	



TP LAYOUT

4.0 Operating Specification

4.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating temperature	Top	-20	-	70	ºC
Storage temperature	Tst	-30	-	80	ºC
Input voltage	Vin	Vss-0.3	-	Vdd+0.3	V
Supply voltage for logic	Vdd- Vss	-0.3	-	3.6	V

4.1.1 Typical Operation Conditions

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	Ta=25ºC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Power Supply current	I_{DD}	V_{DD}=3.3V	-	140	-	mA
BL circuit voltage	V_{LED}(PIN17)	Ta=25ºC	4.8	5.0	5.2	V
BL circuit current	I_{LED}	$V_{LED=}$5V	-	800	-	mA
Differential Input high threshold	Vth	H level	-	-	100	mV
Differential Input low threshold	Vtl	L level	-100	-	-	mV

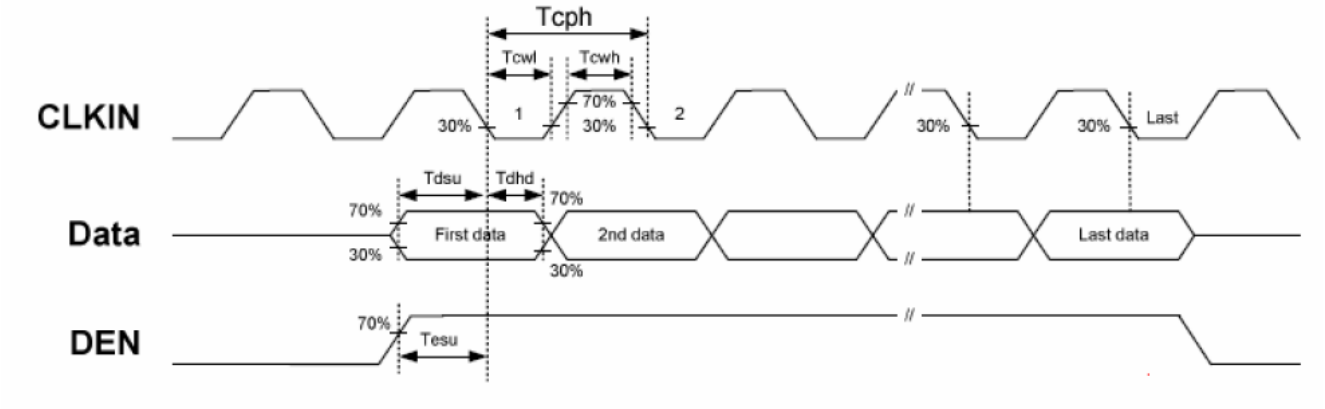
4.1.2 Backlight driving conditions

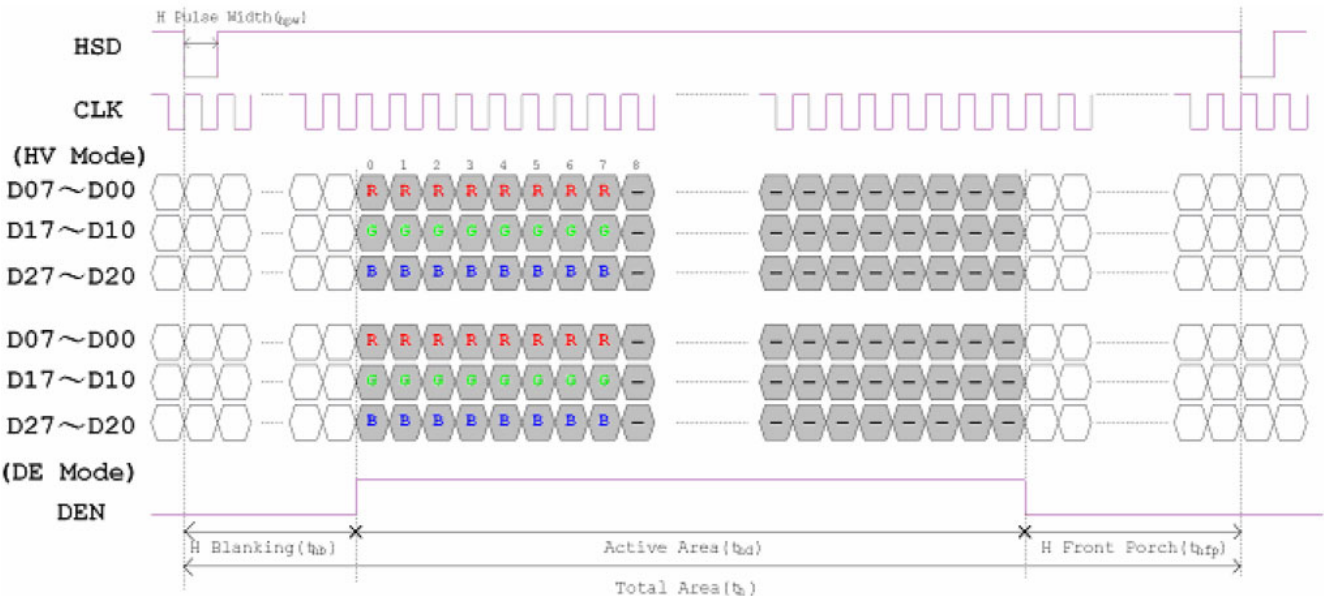
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remark
Backlight Voltage (To LED directly)	V_{BL}	I_{BL}=320mA	9.0	10.0	11.0	V	Note1
LED life time	--	--	30000	--	--	H	Note2,3

Note 1: The LED Supply Voltage is defined by the number of LED at Ta=25℃ and I_{BL} =320mA.
Note 2: The “LED life time” is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25℃ and I_{BL} =320mA.
Note 3: Please make sure the LCM works under well heat dissipated condition, and to prolong the lifetime, please reduce the driving current when environment temperature increases,.

4.2 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

4.2.1 Data Input Format





4.2.2 AC Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
HS setup time	T_{hst}	8	-	-	Ns	
HS hold time	T_{hhd}	8	-	-	Ns	
VS setup time	T_{vst}	8	-	-	Ns	
VS hold time	T_{vhd}	8	-	-	Ns	
Data setup time	T_{dsu}	8	-	-	Ns	
Data hole time	T_{dhd}	8	-	-	Ns	
DE setup time	T_{esu}	8	-	-	Ns	
DE hole time	T_{ehd}	8	-	-	Ns	
VDD Power On Slew rate	T_{POR}	-	-	20	ms	
RSTB pulse width	T_{Rst}	10	-	-	us	
CLKIN cycle time	T_{coh}	20	-	-	Ns	
CLKIN pulse duty	T_{cwh}	40	50	60	%	
Output stable time	T_{sst}	-	-	6	us	

4.2.3 Timing

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Horizontal Display Area	thd	--	800	--	DCLK	
DCLK Frequency	fclk	26.4	33.3	46.8	MHz	
One Horizontal Line	th	862	1056	1200	DCLK	
HS Pulse Width	thpw	1	--	40	DCLK	
HS Blanking	thb	46	46	46	DCLK	
HS Front Porch	thfp	16	210	354	DCLK	

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Vertical Display Area	tvd	--	480	--	TH	
VS Period Time	tv	510	525	650	TH	
VS Pulse Width	tvpw	1	--	20	TH	
VS Blanking	tvb	23	23	23	TH	
VS Front Porch	tvfp	7	22	147	TH	

5.0 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Values			Unit	Remark
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Viewing Angle (CR≥10)	θ_L	Φ=180°(9 O'CLOCK)	60	70	--	degree	Note 1
	θ_R	Φ=0°(3 O'CLOCK)	60	70	--		
	θ_T	Φ=90°(12 O'CLOCK)	60	70	--		
	θ_B	Φ=270°(6 O'CLOCK)	40	50	--		
Response Time	$T_{ON}+T_{OFF}$	Normal Θ=Φ=0°	--	25	50	msec	Note 3
Contrast Ratio	CR		400	500	--	--	Note 4
Color Chromaticity	W_X		0.26	0.31	0.36	--	Note 2
	W_Y		0.28	0.33	0.38	--	Note 5 Note 6
Luminance	L		800	850	--	cd/m^2	Note 6
Luminance Uniformity	YU		75	80	--	%	Note 7

Test Conditions:
1. I_{BL}=320mA (Backlight current), the ambient temperature is 25℃.
2. The test systems refer to Note 2.

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

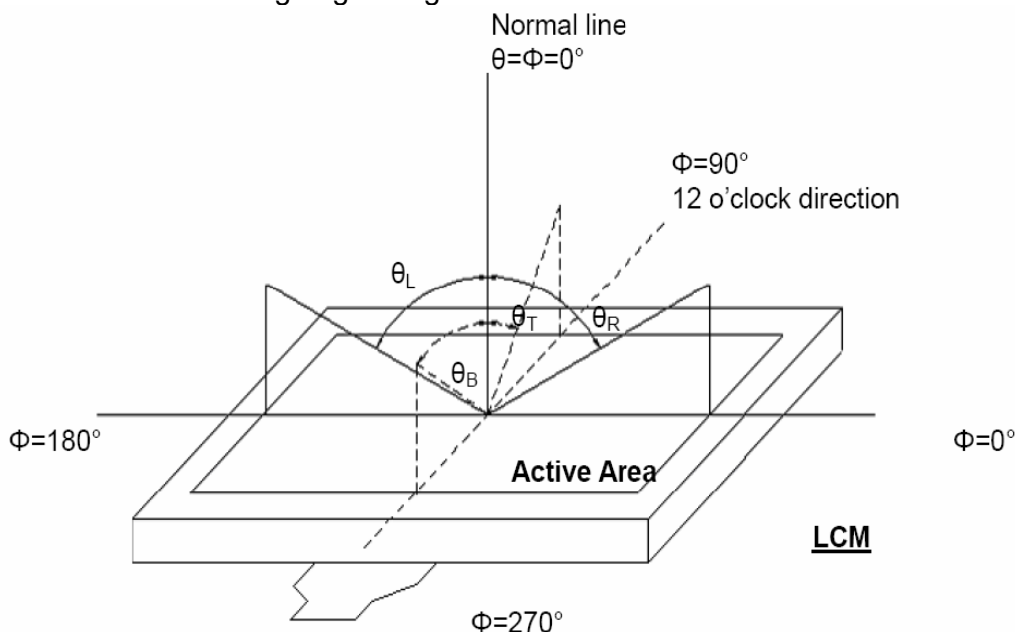


Figure 5.1 Definition of viewing angle.

Note 2: Definition of optical measurement system.
The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 30 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. (Response time is measured by Photo detector TOPCON

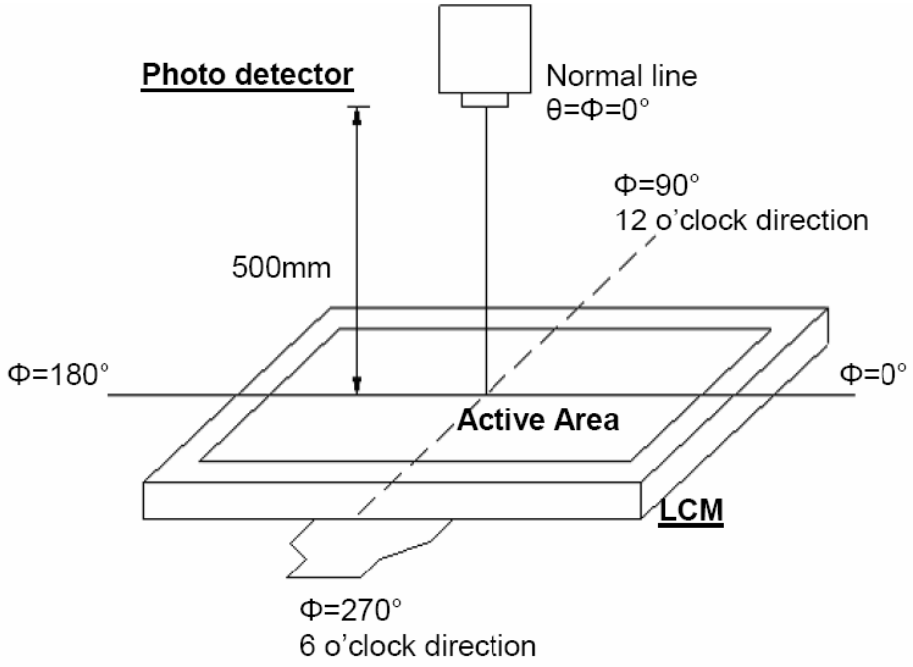


Figure 5.2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of Response time
The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

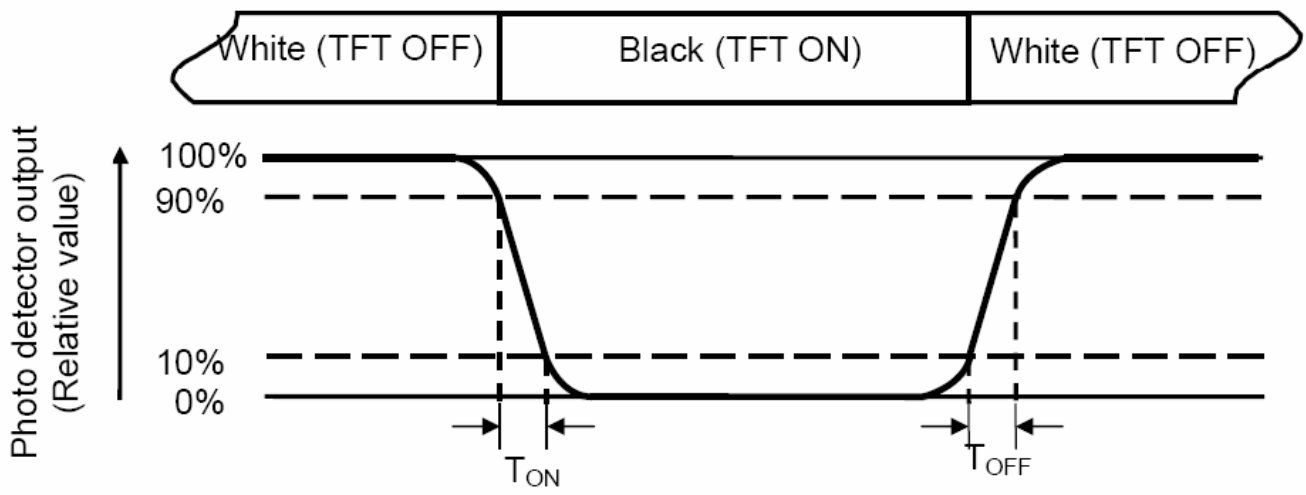


Figure 5.3 Definition of response.

Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio

$$\text{Contrast ratio(CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "white" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "black" state}}$$

Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)
Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note 6: All input terminals LCD panel must be ground while measuring the center area of the panel.

Note 7: Definition of Luminance Uniformity
Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer to Fig. 4-4).Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

$$Luminance\ \ Uniformity\ (Yu) = \frac{B_{min}}{B_{max}}$$

L-------Active area length W----- Active area width

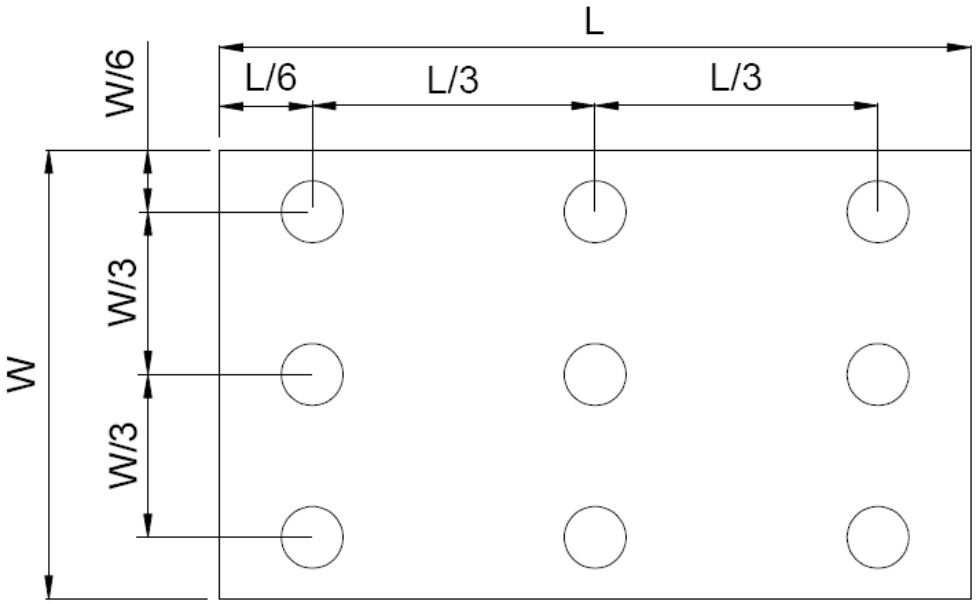


Figure 4.3 Definition of measuring points.

Bmax: The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.
Bmin: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

6.0 RELIABILITY TEST

NO	Test Item		Description	Test Condition	Remark
1	Environmental Test	High temperature storage	Applying the high storage temperature Under normal humidity for a long time Check normal performance	80 ºC 96hrs	
2		Low temperature storage	Applying the low storage temperature Under normal humidity for a long time Check normal performance	-30ºC 96hrs	
3		High temperature Operation	Apply the electric stress(Volatge and current) Under high temperature for a long time	70 ºC 96hrs	Note1
4		Low temperature Operation	Apply the electric stress Under low temperature for a long time	-20ºC 96hrs	Note1 Note2
5		High temperature/High Humidity Storage	Apply high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time	90% RH 40ºC 96hrs	Note2
6		Temperature Cycle	Apply the low and high temperature cycle -30ºC＜＞25ºC＜＞80ºC ＜＞25ºC 30min 10min 30min 10min ←——— 1 cycle ———→ Check normal performance	-30ºC/80ºC 10 cycle	
7	Mechanical Test	Vibration test(Package state)	Applying vibration to product check normal performance	Freq:10-55Hz Max Acceleration 5G 1cycle time:1min time X.Y.Z direction for 15 mines	
8		Shock test(package state)	Applying shock to product check normal performance	Drop them through 70cm height to strike horizontal plane	
9	Other				

Remark

Note1:Normal operations condition (25ºC±5ºC).

Note2:Pay attention to keep dewdrops from the module during this test.

7.0 PRECAUTION FOR USING LCM

1. When design the product with this LCD Module, make sure the viewing angle matches to its purpose of usage.
2. As LCD panel is made of glass substrate, dropping the LCD module or banging it against hard objects may cause cracking or fragmentation. Especially at corners and edges.
3. Although the polarizer of this LCD Module has the anti-glare coating, always be careful not to scratch its surface. Use of a plastic cover is recommended to protect the surface of polarizer.
4. If the LCD module is stored below specified temperature, the LC material may freeze and be deteriorated. If it is stored above specified temperature, the molecular orientation of the LC material may change to Liquid state and it may not revert to its original state. And also excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarizer peel off or bubble. Therefore, the LCD module should always be stored within specified temperature and humidity range.
   If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend temperature/humidity for the storage environment is:
   Temperature : 15℃ ~ 35℃ ／Relatively humidity: ≤80%
5. Meanwhile please follow other requirements below for storage:
   -Store with no touch on display surface by the anything else. If possible, store the LCD in the packaging situation when it was delivered.
   -If the original package is opened, please store in an anti-static polyethylene bag and seal it so as not to get fresh air outside enter into it.
   - LCD modules shall be stored in a dark place. And it shall not be exposed to sunlight nor fluorescent light in storage.

   Note: If the storage time is over 1 year, the golden fingers of FPC might be slightly oxidized, but it won't affect the electrical performance, customer can use rubber to clean the golden fingers before assembly or directly assemble the display.
6. Saliva or water droplets must be wiped off immediately as those may leave stains or cause color changes if is remained there for a long time. And water vapor will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.
   If the surface of LCD panel needs to be cleaned, wipe it swiftly with cotton or other soft dry cloth. If it is not still clean enough, blow a breath on the surface and wipe again.
   If needed, please just moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
   - Isopropyl alcohol
   - Ethyl alcohol

   Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:
   - Water
   - Ketone
   - Aromatic solvents
7. The module should be driven according to the specified ratings to avoid malfunction and permanent damage. Applying DC voltage cause a rapid deterioration of LC material. Make sure to apply alternating waveform by continuous application of the M signal. Especially the power ON/OFF sequence should be kept to avoid latch-up of driver LSIs and DC charge up to LCD panel.

8. Mechanical Considerations

a) LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.

b) Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.

c) Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its components or modifying its pattern.

9. Static Electricity

a) Operator

Ware the electrostatics shielded clothes because human body may be statically charged if not ware shielded clothes.

Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals

with any parts of the human body.

b) Equipment

There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to the equipment, which has a function of peeling or friction

action (ex: conveyer, soldering iron, working table). Earth the equipment through proper resistance (electrostatic

earth: 1x108 ohm).

Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter

conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

c) Floor

Floor is the important part to drain static electricity, which is generated by operators or equipment.

There is a possibility that charged static electricity is not properly drained in case of insulating floor. Set the electrostatic earth (electrostatic earth: 1x108 ohm).

d) Humidity

Proper humidity helps in reducing the chance of generating electrostatic charges. Humidity should be kept over

50%RH.

e) Transportation/storage

The storage materials also need to be anti-static treated because there is a possibility that the human body or storage

materials such as containers may be statically charged by friction or peeling.

The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

f) Soldering

Soldering anything to this TFT display would void the warranty.

g) Others

The laminator (protective film) is attached on the surface of LCD panel to prevent it from scratches or stains. It should

be peeled off slowly using static eliminator.

Static eliminator should also be installed to the workbench to prevent LCD module from static charge.

10. Operation

a) Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.

b) Response time increases with decrease in temperature.

c) Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear “fractured”.

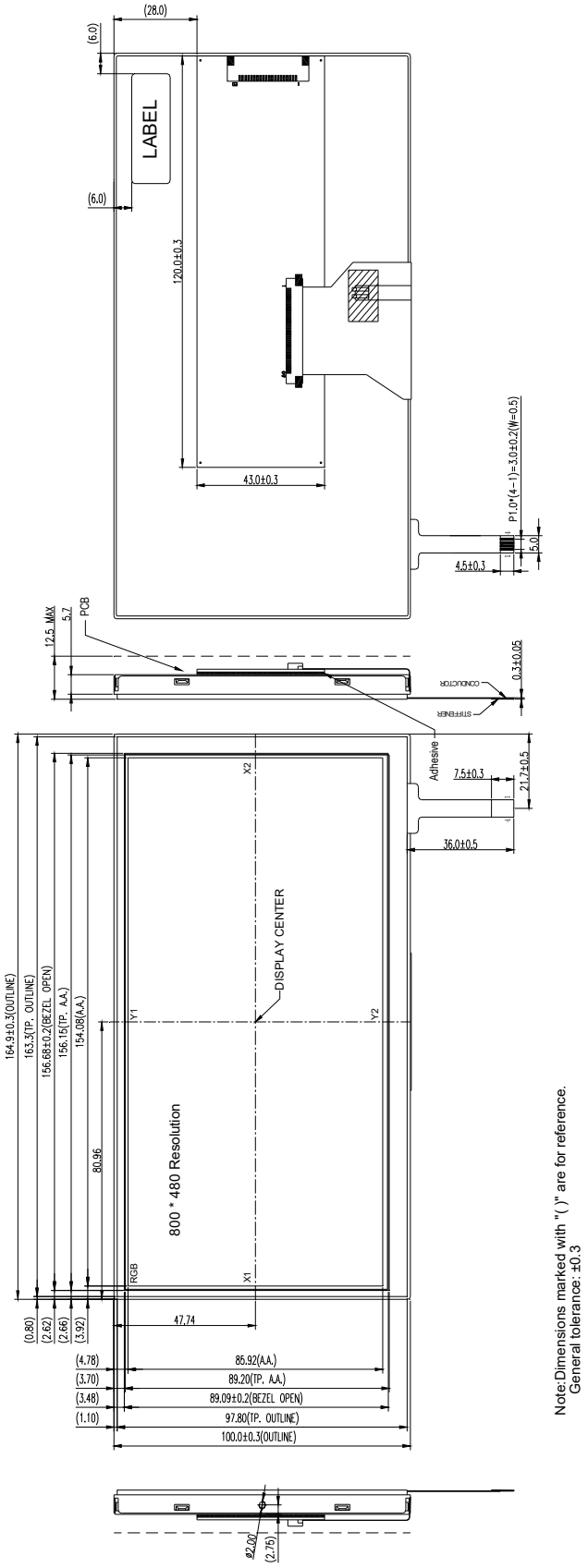
d) Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear “fractured”.

11. If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and

water. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.

12. Disassembling the LCD module can cause permanent damage and it should be strictly avoided.
13. LCD retains the display pattern when it is applied for long time (Image retention). To prevent image retention, do not apply the fixed pattern for a long time. Image retention is not a deterioration of LCD. It will be removed after display pattern is changed.
14. Do not use any materials, which emit gas from epoxy resin (hardener for amine) and silicone adhesive agent (dealcohol or deoxym) to prevent discoloration of polarizer due to gas.
15. Avoid the exposure of the module to the direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet light for a long time.

8.0 MECHANICAL DIAGRAM



9.0 PACKAGE DRAWING

TBD.

10.0 INSPECTION SPECIFICATION

1. SCOPE SPECIFICATIONS CONTAIN

1.1 DISPLAY QUALITY EVALUATION

1.2 MECHANICS SPECIFICATION

2. SAMPLING PLAN

UNLESS THERE IS OTHER AGREEMENT, THE SAMPLING PLAN FOR INCOMING INSPECTION SHALL FOLLOW MIL-STD-105E.

2.1 LOT SIZE: QUANTITY PER SHIPMENT AS ONE LOT (DIFFERENT MODEL AS DIFFERENT LOT).

2.2 SAMPLING TYPE: NORMAL INSPECTION, SINGLE SAMPLING.

2.3 SAMPLING LEVEL: LEVEL II.

2.4 AQL: ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL

MAJOR DEFECT: AQL=0.65

MINOR DEFECT: AQL=1.0

3. PANEL INSPECTION CONDITION

3.1 ENVIRONMENT:

ROOM TEMPERATURE: 25±5°C.

HUMIDITY: 65±5% RH.

ILLUMINATION: 300 ~ 700 LUX.

3.2 INSPECTION DISTANCE:

35±5 CM

3.3 INSPECTION ANGLE:

THE VISION OF INSPECTOR SHOULD BE PERPENDICULAR TO THE SURFACE OF THE MODULE.

3.4 INSPECTION TIME：

PERCEPTIBILITY TEST TIME: 20 SECONDS MAX.

4. DISPLAY QUALITY

4.1 FUNCTION RELATED:

THE FUNCTION DEFECTS OF LINE DEFECT, ABNORMAL DISPLAY, AND NO DISPLAY ARE CONSIDERED MAJOR DEFECTS.

4.2 BRIGHT/DARK DOTS:

Defect Type	Specification	Major	Minor
Bright Dots	N≤ 2		●
Dark Dots	N≤ 3		●
Total Bright and Dark Dots	N≤ 4		●

Note: 1:

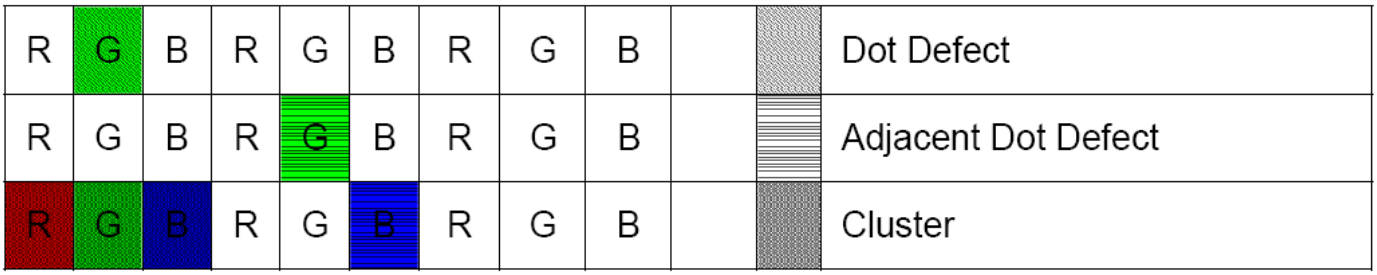
The definition of dot: The size of a defective dot over 1/2 of whole dot is regarded as one defective dot.

Bright dot: Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern.

The bright dot defect must be visible through 2% ND filter

Dark dot: Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue pattern.

4.3 Pixel Definition:



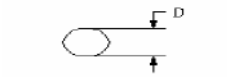
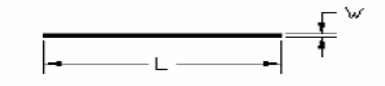
Note 1:

If pixel or partial sub-pixel defects exceed 50% of the affected pixel or sub-pixel area, it shall be considered as1 defect.

Note 2:

There should be no distinct non-uniformity visible through 2% ND Filter within 2 sec inspection times.

4.4Visual Inspection specifications:

Defect Type		Specification Size	Count(N)	Major	Minor
Dot Shape (Particle、Scratch and Bubbles in display area) 		D ≤0.25 mm	Ignored		•
		0.25mm < D ≤ 0.5mm	N ≤ 3		
		D > 0.5mm	N=0		
Newton Ring (Only for Touch panel)		D≤70mm	N≤4		•
		D>70mm	N=0		
TSP Fish Eyes (Only for Touch panel) (Bubble/Dent)		0.1mm<D≤0.2mm	N≤4		•
		0.2mm<D≤0.3mm	N≤3		
		0.3<D≤0.4	N≤2		
Line Shape (Particles、Scratch、Lint and Bubbles in display area) 		W ≤ 0.01 mm	Ignored		•
		0.01mm< W ≤ 0.05mm and L ≤ 3mm	N ≤ 3		
		W > 0.05mm or L > 3 mm	N=0		
Bubble in cell (active area)		It should be found by eyes			•
Bezel	Scratch	No harm			•
	Dirt				•
	Wrap	No harm			•
	Sunken	No harm			•
Label	No label	No			•
	Inverted label				•
	Broken				•
	Dirt	Word can be read.			•
	Not clear	No			•
	Word out of shape				•
	Mistake	No			•
	Position	Be attached on right position			•
Screw	Not enough	No			•
	Limp	No			•

Connector	Connection status	No bend on pins and damage		•
FPC/FFC	Broken	No		•

Note: Extraneous substance and scratch not affecting the display of image, for instance, extraneous substance under polarizer film but outside the display area, or scratch on metal bezel and backlight module or polarizer film outside the display area, shall not be considered as defective or non-conforming.